Esin Anton A. (V. A. Trapeznikov Institute of Control Sciences of Russian Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia). Markov model for performance evaluation of multipath TCP networks.

In this paper, the Simple Multi-Threaded TCP network model with rerouteing and a multithreaded server processing TCP connections from multiple clients has been considered.

A queuing network model has been constructed aor such a model. And the following assumptions are made for this network model: Poisson arrival process with rate  $\Lambda$ , exponential service time. Also, the following traffic patterns have been defined: the service rate is  $\mu_i$  for each thread i, i = 0, 1, ...m. And the each server can be modelled as an M/M/c queue.

A Multithreaded TCP Network can be described as a modified Open Queuing Network and the Stability conditions are defined by the following

**Theorem** (On Stability of Multi-Threaded TCP Network). Let P be the routing matrix where  $p_{ij}$  represents the probability that a job at node i moves to node j, then the network  $\mathcal{N}$  is stable if and only if the utilization  $\rho_i$  of each node i is less than 1:

$$\rho_i = \frac{\Lambda_i}{\mu_i} < 1, \quad \forall i \in \{1, 2, \dots, M\},$$

where  $\mathbf{P} = [p_{ij}]$  is an  $M \times M$  matrix with  $\sum_{j=1}^{M} p_{ij} \leq 1$  for all i, and the performance metrics are defined by the following formulae

$$R_i = \frac{L_i}{\Lambda_i} = \frac{1}{\mu_i - \Lambda_i},$$
 (Average Response Time)

$$R = \sum_{i=1}^{M} R_i \cdot \frac{\Lambda_i}{\sum_{j=1}^{M} \Lambda_j},$$
 (Total Average Response Time for the Network)

$$L = \frac{\lambda \mu (c\rho)^c}{(c-1)!(c\mu - \lambda)^2} P_0 + \frac{\lambda}{\mu}.$$
 (Average Number of Requests in the System)