

**Holevo A. S. (Moscow, Russia) — Quantum dynamical semigroups: nonstandard generators, stochastic representations.**

Quantum dynamical semigroups are a noncommutative analog of (sub-) Markov semigroups in classical probability: while the latter are semigroups of positive normalized maps in functional spaces, the former are semigroups of corresponding maps in operator algebras [1]. These semigroups satisfy *Markovian master equations* (M.m.e.) that are noncommutative generalization of the Kolmogorov-Chapman equations.

Let  $K, L_j$  be linear operators defined on a dense domain  $\mathcal{D}$  of a Hilbert space  $\mathcal{H}$ , satisfying the condition

$$\sum_j \|L_j\psi\|^2 \leq 2\operatorname{Re} \langle \psi | K | \psi \rangle, \quad \psi \in \mathcal{D}, \quad (1)$$

in particular,  $K$  is accretive. We assume that  $K$  is maximal accretive. Then there exists the unique minimal solution  $T_t$ ,  $t \geq 0$ , of the Cauchy problem for the *backward* quantum M.m.e.

$$\frac{d}{dt} \langle \varphi | T_t[X] | \psi \rangle = \sum_j \langle L_j \varphi | T_t[X] | L_j \psi \rangle - \langle K \varphi | T_t[X] | \psi \rangle - \langle \varphi | T_t[X] | K \psi \rangle, \quad (2)$$

where  $\varphi, \psi \in \mathcal{D}$ ,  $X \in \mathfrak{L}(\mathcal{H})$ , satisfying the condition  $T_0[X] = X$ , which is a dynamical semigroup on the algebra  $\mathfrak{L}(\mathcal{H})$  of all bounded operators in  $\mathcal{H}$  (cf. [2]).

If, in addition,  $L_j$  are closable and satisfy  $\sum_j \|L_j^* \psi\|^2 < \infty$  for  $\psi \in \mathcal{D}^*$ , where  $\mathcal{D}^*$  is an essential domain for  $K^*$ , then the predual semigroup  $S_t^0 = (T_t)_*$  is the minimal solution of the *forward* M.m.e.

$$\frac{d}{dt} \langle \varphi | S_t^0[\omega] | \psi \rangle = \sum_j \langle L_j^* \varphi | S_t^0[\omega] | L_j^* \psi \rangle - \langle K^* \varphi | S_t^0[\omega] | \psi \rangle - \langle \varphi | S_t^0[\omega] | K \psi \rangle, \quad (3)$$

where  $\varphi, \psi \in \mathcal{D}^*$ ,  $\omega \in \mathfrak{T}(\mathcal{H})$ , and  $\mathfrak{T}(\mathcal{H}) = \mathfrak{L}(\mathcal{H})_*$  is the Banach space of trace-class operators  $\omega$  in  $\mathcal{H}$ . There is a classical probabilistic representation

$$\langle \varphi | T_t[X] | \psi \rangle = \mathbf{M} \langle \varphi(t) | X | \psi(t) \rangle$$

via *weak-topology* solutions of the stochastic integral equation of the form

$$\psi(t) = \psi + \int_0^t \sum_j L_j \psi(s) dW_j(s) - \int_0^t K \psi(s) ds,$$

where  $W_j(t); j = 1, \dots$  are independent standard Wiener processes [2].

The semigroup is *standard* if it is a minimal solution of backward M.m.e. as above. We consider two cases of dynamical semigroups obtained by singular perturbations of the generator of a standard semigroup [3]. First, we describe an generalization of example from [4] of a standard dynamical semigroup which does not satisfy the forward M.m.e. Second, we consider an improved construction of a nonstandard dynamical semigroup.

#### REFERENCES

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