

Barbu V.S., Beltaief S., Pergamenshchikov, S. (LMRS, University of Rouen Normandy, France) — **Oracle inequalities and robust adaptive efficient estimation for continuous time semi-Markov regression models from continuous or discrete data.**

In this presentation we consider the nonparametric robust estimation problem for regression models in continuous time with semi-Markov noises. The model introduced in [1] and studied in [1] and [2] is described by

$$dy_t = S(t)dt + d\xi_t, \quad 0 \leq t \leq n, \quad (1)$$

where $S(\cdot)$ is an unknown 1-periodic function defined on \mathbb{R} with values on \mathbb{R} , $(\xi_t)_{t \geq 0}$ is the unobserved noise process $\xi_t = \varrho_1 L_t + \varrho_2 z_t$, where ϱ_1 and ϱ_2 are unknown coefficients, $(L_t)_{t \geq 0}$ is a Lévy process and $(z_t)_{t \geq 0}$ is a particular case of a semi-Markov process [3].

Our problem is to estimate the unknown function S in the model (1) on the basis of: (i) continuous observations $(y_t)_{0 \leq t \leq n}$, cf. [1]; (ii) discrete observations $(y_{t_j})_{0 \leq j \leq np}$, $t_j = j\Delta$, $\Delta = \frac{1}{p}$, where the integer $p \geq 1$ is the observation frequency, cf. [2].

In both cases, we construct a family of estimators for S based on the model selection procedure proposed by Konev and Pergamenshchikov (2012) and we choose the best possible one by minimizing a cost function. Under quite general moment conditions on the noise distribution, non-asymptotic oracle inequalities for the risks are obtained. These inequalities represent the starting point for investigating the efficiency of the estimators.

REFERENCES

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This work was done under partial financial support of the RSF grant number 17-11-01049 (National Research Tomsk State University, Russia), of the “Tomsk State University Academic D.I. Mendeleev Fund Program” under the grant number 8.1.18.2018, Russia, and of the project Complex Systems, Territorial Intelligence and Mobility–Feder from the Region of Normandy, France.